# NATIONAL TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF UKRAINE "IGOR SIKORSKY KYIV POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE" FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT AND MARKETING

# F-CATALOG SELECTED EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE CYCLE OF PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

for applicants Master's degree
under the educational program "International Economics"
in specialty 051 "Economics"

#### APPROVED:

Methodical council Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute (protocol № 5 from "29" 02. 2024)

FMM Academic Council Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute (protocol № 7 from "26" 02. 2024)

### KNOWLEDGE OF F-CATALOG – 2024 (EP INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS)

	(	
	Knowledge	2
	Applicants' Information	3
	Table containing a list of select F-catalog	5
	Disciplines to be chosen by the acquirer.	6
1	International Competitiveness Management	6
2	Competitiveness management in the conditions of transformation of	7
	international economic relations	
3	International investment activity	8
4	International investment business planning	9
5	International Economic Development Strategies	10
6	Current trends in the world economic development	11
7	International business project work	12
8	Strategic planning	13
9	Human resource management in a time of worldwide transformation	14
10	Strategic management of the enterprise	15
11	Management of international business projects. Industry 4.0	16
12	International projects in Industry 4.0	17
13	Anti-Crisis Measures in the Global Economy	18

#### APPLICANT INFORMATION (STUDENTS/MASTERS)

We would like to draw your attention to the F-catalog (departmental catalog) for the selection of specific educational components of the educational and professional program international economics (EP IE), educational Master's degree

According to Section X of Article 62 of the Law of Ukraine "On Higher Education" (№ 1556-VII of 01.07.2014), Elective courses - disciplines of free choice of acquirer (students) for a certain level of higher education, aimed at providing general and special (professional) competencies for specialty. The volume of elective courses is at least 25% of the total number of ECTS credits provided for this level of education, aimed at ensuring general and special (professional) competencies for specialty. The volume of optional academic disciplines is at least 25% of the total number of ECTS credits provided for this level of education.

Annotated lists of the disciplines are provided in the catalog (F-Catalog) for applicants (Master students) of the second (educational and scientific) level of higher education to choose from in accordance with the curriculum (according to which they entered the study) for the upcoming academic year.

The curriculum establishes the total number and volume (in credits) of academic disciplines that a higher education applicant may choose (elective disciplines), which is 22.5 credits. The curriculum also specifies the semester in which the elective discipline is taught, the type of semester control, and the types and volumes of educational classes.

Within the limits of the specified number, the applicant has the option of selecting academic disciplines offered for other educational programs. Furthermore, the academic disciplines offered for other educational programs are selected in consultation with the head of the corresponding graduating department.

The procedure for selecting academic disciplines by applicants is preceded by their familiarization with the order, terms, and features of registration for study of the proposed academic disciplines, as well as the conditions for the formation of educational groups/streams for studying selective academic disciplines from the F-Catalogue.

Students in the second (master's) (educational and scientific) level of higher education select disciplines from the F-Catalogs at the start of the autumn semester of their first year of study. The chosen disciplines will be studied in the spring semester of the same academic year. The selection results are used to develop individual study plans.

The procedure for selecting academic disciplines from F-catalogs by students of the second (master's) (educational and scientific) level of higher education is implemented through the University's specialized information system and consists of the following stages:

- 1) Registration of students in the specialized information system.
- 2) The first round of selection is based on the disciplines chosen by students. The stage lasts at least a week.
- 3) Preliminary processing of selection results, formation of study groups/streams for their research. The stage is carried out by the responsible person

from the educational unit - the administrator of the specialized information system at the level of the department and/or faculty, educational and scientific institute.

- 4) Confirmation to the student of his choice of academic disciplines from the F-Catalog or notification of the inability to form a group/stream for studying the academic discipline chosen by him and transfer to the second wave of selection.
- 5) The second wave of selection is the students' selection from the revised list of disciplines in the F-Catalogue.
- 6) Final processing of the results of the discipline selection (fixation of the selection results) and adjustment of the composition of study groups/streams for their study.

If it is not possible to form a study group/stream for a specific F-Catalog discipline, students are given the option of making a second choice by joining already formed study groups/streams (the second wave of selection), or mastering the chosen discipline individually through a combination of study and individual consultations (the opportunity is provided upon a substantiated application of the student and the decision of the department that provides teaching of this discipline).

For the second (master's) level, a study groups for the study of selective academic disciplines in face-to-face education must have at least 5 people.

Regulations on the Individual curriculum of a student of Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute establishes that students are obliged to choose elective courses using the specialized information system of the University (<a href="https://my.kpi.ua/">https://my.kpi.ua/</a>).

According to the Regulation on the Individual Study Plan of the Student of Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute, the outcomes of the student's selection of academic courses are mentioned in his Individual Study Plan in the section "Selected Disciplines" Regulations on individual learning plan of an applicant for higher education in Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute. <a href="https://osvita.kpi.ua/sites/default/files/downloads/Regulations\_individual\_learning">https://osvita.kpi.ua/sites/default/files/downloads/Regulations\_individual\_learning</a> plan.pdf

The applicant's personalized study plan must cover all the academic subjects they wish to study.

The applicant has the right to choose any discipline from the annotated F-Catalogue.

All aspects of the exercise of the graduate student's right to choose disciplines can be found in the Regulations on the procedure for exercising the right to freely choose disciplines (<a href="https://osvita.kpi.ua/node/185">https://osvita.kpi.ua/node/185</a>).

## TABLE WITH A LIST OF SELECTED F-CATALOG COMPONENTS

№	Selective educational components	Semester	Number of credits	Control in semesters (attestation)
	Selective educational c	omponents (in the	ne amount of 22.	5 cr.)
1	International	2	4,5	test
	Competitiveness			
	Management			
2	Competitiveness	2	4,5	test
	management in the			
	conditions of			
	transformation of			
	international economic			
	relations			
3	International investment	2	4,5	test
	activity			
4	International investment	2	4,5	test
	business planning			
5	International Economic	2	4,5	test
	Development Strategies			
6	Current trends in the world	2	4,5	test
	economic development			
7	International business	2	4,5	test
	project work			
8	Strategic planning	2	4,5	test
9	Human resource	2	4,5	test
	management in a time of			
1.0	worldwide transformation		4.7	
10	Strategic management of	2	4,5	test
1 1	the enterprise	2	4.7	
11	Management of	2	4,5	test
	international business			
10	projects. Industry 4.0	2	A	44
12	International projects in	2	4,5	test
1.2	Industry 4.0	2	4.7	
13	Anti-Crisis Measures in the	2	4,5	test
	Global Economy			

Department that provides teaching   Second (master's)	Discipline	International Competitiveness Management
Level of higher education  Course, semester  The scope of the discipline and the distribution of hours of classroom and independent work  Language of teaching  Requirements for starting the study of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economics Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Busines: "Economics Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Busines: "Economics Theory", "Management", "Statistics", "International Innovation", "Enterprise and Credit", "Finance", "International Economics", "International Economics", "International Economics", "International Economics", "International functions and classification of types of competitive internation, and tools.  Why it is one constructive enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market, state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  How to use the acquired knowledge and skills (competencies)  Information support of the discipline  Second (master's)  4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)  4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)  4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)  English  4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)  Because of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work of studied in description and the scipline are normative disciplines: "Economics" "Beconomics", "International Innovation", "Britance", "Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance and Credit University of Business in the conomics", "International description, in a market economy: the evolution of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market, state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why you	Department that	
Course, semester  The scope of the discipline and the distribution of hours of classroom and independent work  Language of teaching  Requirements for starting the study of the discipline and the discipline  The scope of the discipline  Prerequisite for the study of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economic Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Tundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics". "International Innovation", "Enterprise Finance", "International Economics".  What will be studied  The following issues will be studied in detail: competition in a market economy: the evolution of theoretical views on competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  How to use the acquired acquired acquired skills (competencies)  How to use the acquired skills (competencies)  How to use the acquired skills (normation and predict the nature and depth of competitive internation of competitiveness of international business entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of internations usupport of the discipline  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations	provides teaching	
Course, semester The scope of the discipline and the distribution of hours of classroom and independent work Language of teaching Requirements for starting the study of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economics Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Fundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics", "International Innovation", "Enterprise Finance", "International Economics".  What will be studied  The following issues will be studied in detail: competition in a market economy: the evolution of theoretical views on competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market, state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Ability to analyze and predict the nature and depth of competitive international economics; national strategies of international competitive internation and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive internation of competitiveness of international of competitive internation of competitiveness of international of competitive internation of competitiveness of internation of competitive status in the global economics; identify factors and mechanisms for the formation of competitiveness of international competitive internation of competitiveness of international of competitive internation of competitiveness of internation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international competitive advantages of the subjects of international purports of independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations		Second (master's)
The scope of the discipline and the distribution of hours of classroom and independent work  Language of teaching  Requirements for starting the study of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economic Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Fundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics", "International Innovation", "Enterprise Finance", "International Economics".  What will be studied  What will be studied  The office of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why it is of international scientific and technical cooperation, the conditions of its operation, a variety of forms and methods, the ability to conduct foreign economic activity in international levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive status in the global economics pace.  How to use the acquired competencies)  How to use the acquired skills  (competencies)  Information support of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economic Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Money and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics", "International Innovation", "Enterprise in different segments of competitive evolution of the enterprise in a competitive environment to determine competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of knowledge of international scientific and technical cooperation, the conditions of its operation, a variety of forms and methods, the ability to conduct foreign economic activity in international levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitiveness of countries; mechanisms and tools for regulating competitive relations at the national and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive interaction of competitiveness of international business en	education	
discipline and the distribution of hours of classroom and independent work  Language of teaching  Requirements for starting the study of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economic Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Fundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics", "International Innovation", "Enterprise Finance", "International Economics".  What will be studied  The following issues will be studied in detail: competition in a market economy the evolution of theoretical views on competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  How to use the acquired acquired (competencies)  How to use the acquired kills (competencies)  Information support of the discipline  Ability to analyze and predict the nature and depth of competitive interaction of global economies; identify factors and mechanisms for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international surjects of international competitive interaction of global economies; identify factors and mechanisms for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international surjects of international competitive interaction of global economies; identify factors and mechanisms for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international pushiness entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international pushiness entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international pushiness entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international push	Course, semester	5/2 semester
distribution of hours of classroom and independent work  Language of teaching  Requirements for starting the study of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economic Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Fundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics", "International Innovation", "Enterprise Finance", "International Economics".  What will be studied  What will be studied  The following issues will be studied in detail: competition in a market economy: the evolution of theoretical views on competition, functions and classification of types of competitive environment to determine competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  How to use the acquired knowledge and skills  Competencies)  How to use the acquired knowledge and skills  Information support of the discipline  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, guizelines are for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations		4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent
of classroom and independent work  Language of teaching  Requirements for starting the study of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economic Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Fundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics", "International Innovation", "Enterprise Finance", "International Economics".  What will be studied  The following issues will be studied in detail: competition in a market economy: the evolution of theoretical views on competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why it is  The course will be useful for all those who want to master the system of knowledge of international scientific and technical cooperation, the conditions of its operation, a variety of forms and methods, the ability to conduct foreign economic activity in international markets.  Regional and local dimensions of international competitiveness of global economics; national strategies of international competitiveness of countries; mechanisms and tools for regulating competitive relations at the national and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive interaction of global economics; identify factors and mechanisms for the formation of competitiveness of international business entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations		work)
Language of teaching   English		
English		
Requirements for starting the study of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economics Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Fundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics", "International Innovation", "Enterprise Finance", "International Economics".  What will be studied The following issues will be studied in detail: competition in a market economy: the evolution of theoretical views on competition, functions and classification of types of competitior; methods of assessing the potential of the enterprise in a competitive environment to determine competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study of international scientific and technical cooperation, the conditions of its operation, a variety of forms and methods, the ability to conduct foreign economic activity in international markets.  Why you can learn (learning outcomes) Regional and local dimensions of international competitiveness of global economics; national strategies of international competitive relations at the national and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive status in the global economic space.  How to use the acquired Ability to analyze and predict the nature and depth of competitive interaction of global economics; identify factors and mechanisms for the formation of competitiveness of international economics; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations	•	
starting the study of the discipline  Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Fundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics"., "International Innovation", "Enterprise Finance", "International Economics".  What will be studied the following issues will be studied in detail: competition in a market economy: the evolution of theoretical views on competition, functions and classification of types of competitive environment to determine competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Regional and local dimensions of international competitiveness of global economics; national strategies of international competitive relations at the national and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive interaction of global economics space.  Ability to analyze and predict the nature and depth of competitive interaction of competitiveness of international business entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations		English
the evolution of theoretical views on competition, functions and classification of types of competition; methods of assessing the potential of the enterprise in a competitive environment to determine competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods and tools.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  Why you can learn (learning outcomes)  How to use the acquired knowledge and skills (competencies)  Information support of the discipline  the evolution of theoretical views on competitive, functions and classification of types of competitive, methods of assessing the potential of the enterprise in a competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in a competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in a competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in a competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in a competitive environment to determine competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the world market; state regulation of influencional competitiveness of its operation, a variety of forms and methods, the ability to conduct foreign economic activity in international markets.  Regional and local dimensions of international competitiveness of global economies; national strategies of international competitive relations at the national and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive status in the global economic space.  Ability to analyze and predict the nature and depth of competitive interaction of competitiveness of international business entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.	starting the study of	Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Fundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance and Credit", "Finance", "Statistics". , "International Innovation", "Enterprise
interesting / necessary to study  Of international scientific and technical cooperation, the conditions of its operation, a variety of forms and methods, the ability to conduct foreign economic activity in international markets.  Regional and local dimensions of international competitiveness of global economies; national strategies of international competitiveness of countries; mechanisms and tools for regulating competitive relations at the national and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive status in the global economic space.  How to use the acquired knowledge and skills (competencies)  Ability to analyze and predict the nature and depth of competitive interaction of global economies; identify factors and mechanisms for the formation of competitiveness of international business entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations		the evolution of theoretical views on competition, functions and classification of types of competition; methods of assessing the potential of the enterprise in a competitive environment to determine competitive advantages in positioning the brand of the enterprise in different segments (industry, regional) of the world market; state regulation of international competitiveness of the enterprise: methods
(learning outcomes)  economies; national strategies of international competitiveness of countries; mechanisms and tools for regulating competitive relations at the national and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive status in the global economic space.  How to use the acquired knowledge and skills (competencies)  Information support of the discipline  economies; national strategies of international competitive relations at the national and supranational and supranational and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive status in the global economic space.  Ability to analyze and predict the nature and depth of competitive interaction of competitiveness of internation of competitive status in the global economic space.  Ability to analyze and predict the nature and depth of competitive interaction of competitiveness of the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations	interesting /	of international scientific and technical cooperation, the conditions of its operation, a variety of forms and methods, the ability to conduct foreign economic activity in
acquired global economies; identify factors and mechanisms for the formation of competitiveness of international business entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.  Information support of the discipline  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations	(learning	economies; national strategies of international competitiveness of countries; mechanisms and tools for regulating competitive relations at the national and supranational levels; ensuring Ukraine's high competitive status in the global economic space.
knowledge and skills competitiveness of international business entities; identify sectoral and sectoral imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.  Information support of the discipline Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations	How to use the	
skills imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.  Information support of the discipline imperatives for the formation of competitive advantages of the subjects of international economic relations.  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations	_	
(competencies) international economic relations.  Information support of the discipline international economic relations.  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations	_	
Information support of the discipline Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations	skills	
of the discipline for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations	(competencies)	international economic relations.
	•	

Discipline	Competitiveness management in the conditions of transformation of international economic relations
Department that provides teaching	International Economics
Level of higher education	Second (master's)
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the discipline and the distribution of hours of classroom and	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)
independent work  Language of teaching	English
Requirements for starting the study of the discipline	Prerequisite for the study of the discipline are normative disciplines: "Economic Theory", "Management", "Marketing", "Business Economics", "Macroeconomics", "Fundamentals of Business", "Money and Credit", "Finance and Credit", "Finance", "International Innovation", "Enterprise Finance", "International Economics".
What will be studied	The following issues will be studied in detail in the classes: conceptual approaches to the formation and improvement of international competitiveness of economic entities; main indicators, factors and prerequisites for the formation and development of enterprise potential; competitive strategies, their place in the "strategic set" of the enterprise; conceptual model of the process of enterprise competitiveness management in the world market: organization, motivation, control.
Why it is interesting / necessary to study	The course will be useful for all those who want to master the system of knowledge of international scientific and technical cooperation, the conditions of its operation, a variety of forms and methods, the ability to conduct foreign economic activity in international markets.
Why you can learn (learning outcomes)	Forms and mechanisms of competitive interaction of subjects of international economic relations; principles and tools for assessing the international competitiveness of enterprises, industries, countries; principles and mechanisms for managing the international competitiveness of enterprises; nature, forms, models and competitive advantages of clusters in the world economy.
How to use the acquired knowledge and skills	Ability to use modern consulting techniques to identify key issues in ensuring the international competitiveness of international business entities and justify ways to solve them; develop and implement international competitiveness management systems in business processes.
(competencies) Information support of the discipline	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations
Semester control	Test

Discipline	International investment activity
Department that	International Economics
provides teaching	
Level of higher	Second (master's)
education	
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of
discipline and the	independent work)
distribution of hours of classroom and	
independent work	
Language of	English
teaching	English
Requirements for	Prerequisite for studying the discipline are normative disciplines:
starting the study of	"Economic Theory", "Macroeconomics", "Money and Credit",
the discipline	"Finance", "Financial Market", "Enterprise Finance", "International
	Economics", "Investment" and more.
What will be	The following issues will be studied in detail in the classes:
studied	essence and factors of international investment activity; theoretical and
	methodological provisions of international investment activities; system
	of regulation of international investment activities; investing in the
	system of international business; substantiation of international
	investment projects; international investment market; investment activity
	in international stock and bond markets; international derivatives market;
	International markets for precious metals and stones.
Why it is	The course will be useful for anyone who wants to have financial literacy
interesting /	in international investment markets, to understand the specifics of
necessary to study	international investment instruments, to be able to justify the feasibility of
	investing.
Why you can learn	<ul> <li>have theoretical foundations and practical skills of international</li> </ul>
(learning	investment;
outcomes)	<ul> <li>identify patterns of international investment activities;</li> </ul>
,	to create an analytical system in the field of foreign investment,
	including in the domestic legal field.
	<ul> <li>navigate the main trends in capital movements in the global</li> </ul>
	economic space;
	- to be guided in features of functioning of separate segments of
	the market of investment resources;
	- to get an idea of the peculiarities of the functioning of certain
	segments of the international investment market;
How to use the	Ability to use professional knowledge and practical skills in the field of
acquired	international investment, mechanisms and tools for decision-making in the
knowledge and	justification of investment projects, the formation of investment portfolios.
skills	
(competencies)	
Information support	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes,
of the discipline	Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations
Semester control	Test

Discipline	International economic development strategies
Department that	International Economics
provides teaching	
Level of higher	Second (master's)
education	
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the discipline and the	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)
distribution of hours of classroom and	
independent work	
Language of teaching	English
Requirements for starting the study of the discipline	Basic knowledge of the disciplines "Economic Theory", "Macroeconomics", "Integration Processes", "Competitiveness and Competitiveness of International Business", "International Economics", "International Economic Relations", "National Economy", etc.
What will be studied	The following issues will be studied in detail: strategies of economic development in the system of international economic relations; principles of development of international strategies of economic development at different levels and stages of formation of national strategy of economic development; models of economic development; factors of development of countries with emerging economies; trends in international economic development and forecasting of economic events in the world; organization and development of measures to manage the processes of international economic activity of regions, industries, intersectoral complexes; economic development strategies of leading countries.
Why it is	The course will be useful for anyone who wants to understand the specifics
interesting /	and patterns of development of leading countries, identify common trends,
necessary to study	justify current policies and development strategies, to conduct expert
necessary to stady	evaluation of economic development.
Why you can learn (learning outcomes)	Analyze trends in international economic development and forecast economic events in the world; to study the experience of organizing and developing measures to manage the processes of international economic activity of regions, industries, intersectoral complexes; evaluate the qualitative and quantitative components of economic development strategies of foreign countries; to be guided by the principles of development of international strategies of economic development at different levels and stages.
How to use the	- Develop scenarios and strategies for the development of socio-economic
acquired	systems;
knowledge and	- Conduct analysis of economic development trends in countries;
skills	- Identify and evaluate problems of economic development in countries;
(competencies)	- Develop strategic measures for forming strategies for economic development
	in countries;
	- Justify the choice of organizational processes for managing international
	economic activities of regions, sectors, and intersectoral complexes; - Determine regulatory priorities for shaping modern international economic
	policy;
	- Calculate indicators for evaluating the effectiveness of international strategies
	for the economic development of individual countries.
Information support	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes,
of the discipline	Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations
Semester control	Test
2311105101 001111101	I =

Discipline	Current trends in the world economic development
Department that	International Economics
provides teaching	
Level of higher	Second (master's)
education	
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of
discipline and the	independent work)
distribution of hours	
of classroom and	
independent work	
Language of	English
teaching	
Requirements for	Basic knowledge of the disciplines "Economic Theory",
starting the study of	"Macroeconomics", "Integration Processes", "Competitiveness and
the discipline	Competitiveness of International Business", "International Economics",
	"International Economic Relations", "National Economy", etc.
What will be	The following issues will be studied in detail: trends in world economic
studied	development; prospects for the development of the world economy; main
Studied	directions of movement of vectors of national economies; factors influencing the
	functioning of the world market; the impact of globalization processes on the
	world economy; geopolitical and geoeconomic impacts on economic growth;
	new approaches to tackling global socio-economic challenges; reform and
	structural changes of national economies; global regionalization; problems of
	human development and social policy of states in the context of globalization
	processes; information support of international economic activity.
Why it is	The course will be useful for anyone who wants to understand the latest
interesting /	trends in the world economy, identify and analyze key indicators of
necessary to study	change and development, assess the socio-economic policies of leading
	states and intergovernmental organizations that influence global and
	integration processes in the world.
Why you can learn	Analyze trends of internationalization and strengthening the interdependence of
(learning	national economies; identify the available scientific, technical, financial potential
outcomes)	and develop proposals for its direction in solving current and global problems
,	and for the implementation of development strategies; to form own vision
	concerning models of development of world economy.
How to use the	- identify problem areas of the world and national economies, risks and
acquired	challenges that cause in the process of transformational changes;
knowledge and	- to analyze the trends of economic development of countries;
skills	- to search for fundamentally new bases for the formation of effective
(competencies)	economic policy at various levels of government;  to develop strategic measures for the formation of strategies for
	economic development of countries;
	<ul> <li>develop proposals for the rational and coherent use of monetary, fiscal</li> </ul>
	and structural policy instruments to address imbalances at different levels of the
	world economy.
	- to substantiate the directions of strengthening the integration
	capabilities of individual countries in order to implement the model of
Î.	
	sustainable development.
Information support	sustainable development.  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes,
Information support of the discipline	sustainable development.  Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations
	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes,

Discipline	International business project work
Department that	International Economics
provides teaching	monar zonomo
Level of higher	Second (master's)
education	(1146041 8)
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of
discipline and the	independent work)
distribution of	
hours of classroom	
and independent	
work	
Language of	English
teaching	
Requirements for	Basic understanding of the disciplines "Economic theory,"
starting the study	"Macroeconomics," "Integration processes," "International business
of the discipline	competition and competitiveness," "International economy," "Global
1	economy," and "National economy."
What will be	The following topics will be covered in the classes: The content, structure,
studied	and logical scheme of project work in international entrepreneurship. A
	competent approach to the formation of working groups and project teams.
	The peculiarities of the project approach to solving strategic international
	entrepreneurship tasks. Project resource provision Implementation of project work tasks in innovative international
	companies.
Why it is	Everyone who wants to understand the project approach to solving
interesting /	strategic production and commercial tasks in innovatively oriented
necessary to study	international companies will find the course useful.
Why you can learn	Understanding project work as a distinct type of business organization.
(learning	Priority areas of international project activity are identified. Provisions
outcomes)	and mechanisms for resolving international entrepreneurship problems
	based on the project approach. Theoretical-methodological, methodical,
	and organizational aspects of project work, in particular: principles of short-term and long-term project development based on international
	partnership and innovation; mechanisms for solving strategic tasks of
	international entrepreneurship based on a project approach; peculiarities
	of project group and team work organization for successful project
	implementation.
How to use the	Identifying and solving enterprise project work problems in an
acquired	international economic environment. Conduct preliminary analytical work
knowledge and	on determining the resource provision of project activities at international
skills	economic activity enterprises. Economic justification of international
(competencies)	business projects is carried out. Creating an organizational structure for
	international companies' project activities based on technological
	superiority and innovation. Create a plan for project execution. Using the
	competency approach, determine the composition and structure of
In forms - ti - :-	effective project groups.
Information	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes,
support of the	Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture
discipline	Test Test
Semester control	

Discipline	Strategic planning
Department that	International Economics
provides teaching	
Level of higher	Second (master's)
education	
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of
discipline and the	independent work)
distribution of	
hours of classroom	
and independent	
work	
Language of	English
teaching	
Requirements for	Basic knowledge of the disciplines "Economic Theory",
starting the study	"Microeconomics", "Macroeconomics", "Integration Processes",
of the discipline	"Competitiveness and Competitiveness of International Business",
	"National Economy", "Money and Credit", etc.
What will be	Economic essence and principles of strategic planning; barriers to
studied	strategic planning and measures to overcome them; comparative
	characteristics of traditional and strategic planning; approaches to
	strategic planning at different levels; essence and classification of strategic
	goals; stages of strategic planning; content and structure of the strategic
	plan, project, concept, program; monitoring in the strategic planning
XX/1 '.'	system.
Why it is	The course will be useful for anyone who wants to understand the specifics
interesting /	of strategic planning and patterns of enterprise, country or industry;
necessary to study	identify common trends, justify current policies and conduct expert
Why you can learn	assessment of economic development prospects.
Why you can learn	approaches to the development of strategic plans, projects,  programs:
(learning outcomes)	<ul> <li>programs;</li> <li>development of the mission, coordination of the purposes and the</li> </ul>
outcomes)	concept of development of the organization;
	<ul> <li>methods of analysis of internal and external factors at different</li> </ul>
	levels of activity;
	- determine the sequence of changes depending on the situation,
	plan and organize changes;
	<ul> <li>be able to identify threats and opportunities that can change</li> </ul>
	existing trends.
How to use the	apply a scientific approach to justify an effective development strategy
acquired	based on professional analysis of economic activity; plan strategic goals
knowledge and	and justify appropriate methods to achieve them, taking into account
skills	available resources at different levels of activity.
(competencies)	<b>3</b> .
Information	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes,
support of the	Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture
discipline	
	presentations

Discipline	Human resource management in a time of worldwide transformation
Department that	International Economics
provides teaching	
Level of higher	Second (master's)
education	
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of
discipline and the	independent work)
distribution of	
hours of classroom	
and independent	
work	
Language of	English
teaching	
Requirements for	Basic knowledge of the disciplines "Economic Theory",
starting the study	"Microeconomics", "Macroeconomics", "Labor Economics and STV",
of the discipline	"Management", "National Economy", etc.
What will be	Knowledge and abilities will be formed that will enable managers to carry
studied	out managerial, organizational, methodological, diagnostic, innovative
	activities aimed at the development and effective use of their human
	resources.
Why it is	The course will be useful for anyone who wants to understand the field of
interesting /	personnel management of organizations.
necessary to study	
Why you can learn	To master the methodological principles of personnel management, to
(learning	form an effective management team that uses human resources in a highly
outcomes)	professional way to achieve the goals of the organization.
How to use the	To reveal contradictions and tendencies of development of modern
acquired	personnel management, to define a role of personnel services in the
knowledge and	decision of economic, social and political problems of social development;
skills	analyze views on the nature of personnel policy and the use of the human
(competencies)	factor (which already exist or are just being formed); manage the
	development of personnel policy of the company, planning and
	forecasting of personnel work, determining the number and composition
	of employees, meeting staffing needs; evaluate management staff, work
	with a reserve of managers, specialists and craftsmen, organize staff
	training, manage the activities of personnel management services in
	planning and implementing the business career of the organization's staff.
Information	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes,
support of the	Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture
discipline	presentations
Semester control	Test

Discipline	Strategic management of the enterprise
Department that	International Economics
provides teaching	
Level of higher	Second (master's)
education	
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of
discipline and the	independent work)
distribution of	
hours of classroom	
and independent	
work	
Language of	English
teaching	
Requirements for	Prerequisite for studying the discipline are normative disciplines:
starting the study of	"Economic Theory", "Macroeconomics", "Finance", "Enterprise Finance",
the discipline	"International Economics", "Investment", "Competitiveness and
	Competitiveness of International Business" and more.
What will be	Specifics of strategic management: main components, methodological
studied	approaches and models of strategic management of the enterprise; methods
	of analysis of the external and internal environment of the enterprise;
	principles and methods of enterprise strategy development; system of
	indicators to characterize the strategic goals of the enterprise; substantiation
	of measures of realization of strategic management at the enterprise; general
	strategies of the enterprise and algorithms for making strategic choices;
	strategies of enterprises in various industries; criteria for the effectiveness of
Wheritia	strategies.
Why it is interesting /	The course will be useful for anyone who wants to solve complex specialized problems and practical problems in the field of strategic enterprise
necessary to study	management in market conditions, understand strategic control, be able to
necessary to study	manage the development and implementation of enterprise strategy at the
	national and international levels.
Why you can learn	<ul> <li>separate strategic and current tasks, prioritize and effectively</li> </ul>
(learning outcomes)	manage them;
(rowning curvenies)	- choose effective methods of strategic management depending on the
	situation in the enterprise and industry;
	<ul> <li>manage the process of developing and implementing corporate</li> </ul>
	strategy;
	<ul> <li>use analytical methods to assess the position of the enterprise and</li> </ul>
	stimulate its development;
	<ul> <li>think critically and generate new ideas for the management of</li> </ul>
	activities and strategies for effective development of the enterprise.
How to use the	to formulate professional tasks in the field of strategic management, to choose
acquired knowledge	appropriate directions of development, to form the purposes and to
and skills	substantiate the corresponding methods for their decision, taking into account
(competencies)	available resources;
	think critically and generate new ideas for business management and
T.C.	strategies for effective enterprise development.
Information support	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes,
of the discipline	Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations
Semester control	Test

Discipline	Management of international business projects. Industry 4.0
Department that	International Economics
provides teaching	
Level of higher	Second (master's)
education	
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the discipline and the distribution of hours of classroom and independent work	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)
Language of teaching	English
Requirements for starting the study of the discipline	Basic knowledge of the disciplines "Economic Theory", "Macroeconomics", "Integration Processes", "Competitiveness and Competitiveness of International Business", "International Economics", "International Economic Relations", "National Economy", "Project Management".
What will be studied	The following issues will be studied in detail: The processes of the Fourth Industrial Revolution. Contents of the Industry 4.0 concept. and current topics of projects. Objectives, results and strategy of the project in terms of Industry 4.0. World experience of project-oriented management. Features of web-based project management. System for evaluating the quality, cost and timing of project work. Principles of project quality management. Cost management in the project management system. Time management in project management. Features of project management of high-tech enterprises. Financial management in project activities. Technologies of group communication in the decision-making system. Management of contract activities of the company. Classification of project risks. Risk identification. Project risk assessment systems. Tools for minimizing threats to project activities. International Scientific and Technical Partnership in Industry 4.0.
Why it is interesting /	The course will be useful for anyone who wants to understand the specifics of project management of international companies in Industry 4.0.
mecessary to study Why you can learn (learning outcomes)	Analysis of applications for funding for international projects on Industry 4.0. Theoretical and methodological, methodological and organizational aspects of project management, in particular: the principles of implementation of competitive business projects on the basis of technological superiority and innovation; professional terminology in the field of business project management; approaches to the development of organizational structures for international project management; methods of network and calendar planning of projects and methods of organizing the activities of project groups; project risk assessment procedures; basics of planning, ensuring and quality control of projects; main software products used in project management.
How to use the acquired knowledge and skills (competencies)	Perform typification of business projects. Perform economic justification of international projects. Create an organizational structure of project activities of high-tech international companies. Develop an optimal distribution of functions between project team members. Develop a plan for project work. Identify possible project risks and choose measures to minimize them.
Information support of the discipline	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations
Semester control	Test

Discipline	International projects in Industry 4.0
Department that	International Economics
provides teaching	international Economics
Level of higher	Second (master's)
education	Second (master s)
Course, semester	5/2 semester
The scope of the	4.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of
discipline and the	independent work)
distribution of	macponacht work)
hours of classroom	
and independent	
work	
Language of	English
teaching	2.15.10.1
Requirements for	Basic knowledge of the disciplines "Economic Theory", "Macroeconomics",
starting the study of	"Integration Processes", "Competitiveness and Competitiveness of
the discipline	International Business", "International Economics", "Global Economy",
r	"National Economy", "Project Management".
What will be	The following issues will be studied in the classes: Content of international
studied	project activities. International project management organizations. Processes
	of the Fourth Industrial Revolution. The essence and components of Industry
	4.0. Topics of effective international projects. Specifics of international
	project activities in the conditions of Industry 4.0. Features of web-based
	project management. Initiation, planning, implementation and completion of projects 4.0. Principles of quality management of high-tech project. Cases of
	scientific and technical activities of international organizations. Project risk
	management. Tools for minimizing threats to project activities. Priorities and
	tools of scientific and technical partnership in the field of Industry 4.0.
Why it is	The course will be useful for anyone who wants to understand the specifics
interesting /	of development, financing and implementation of international projects in
necessary to study	Industry 4.0.
Why you can learn	Classifications of international projects. Defining priority areas of
(learning outcomes)	international project activities in the conditions of Industry 4.0. Development
	of applications for funding for international projects on Industry 4.0.
	Theoretical and methodological, methodological and organizational aspects of project management, in particular, the principles of implementation of
	of project management, in particular: the principles of implementation of competitive business projects on the basis of technological superiority and
	innovation; professional terminology in the field of business project
	management; approaches to the development of organizational structures for
	international project management; methods of network and calendar planning
	of projects and methods of organizing the activities of project groups; project
	risk assessment procedures; basics of planning, ensuring and quality control
How to use the	of projects; main software products used in project management.  Perform typification of international projects. Perform economic justification
	of high-tech projects. Develop the organizational structure of project
acquired knowledge and skills	activities of international companies in an intellectual economy. Determine
(competencies)	the optimal distribution of functions between the members of the project
(competencies)	team. Develop a plan for project work. Identify possible project risks and
	choose measures to minimize them. Plan and analyze the use of resources in
	international project activities. Optimize cross-border organizational
	relations between participants of an international project.
Information support	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes,
of the discipline	Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations
Semester control	Test
Semester control	1 000

Department that provides teaching Level of higher education  Second (master's)  Second (m	Discipline	Anti-Crisis Measures in the Global Economy
Second (master's)	Department that	International Economics
Second (master's)	provides teaching	
Course, semester The scope of the discipline and the distribution of bours of classroom and independent work Language of teaching Requirements for starting the study of the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics: Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics. International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them. Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International conjectation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policy; chalysis of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets. Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Peolopment of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields. Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures and teaches them how to effectively crispond to them.  Development of crisis management in studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' an		Second (master's)
S/2 semester   A.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)   Semester   A.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)   Semester   A.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)   Semester   A.5 ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)   Seminary of classroom and independent work   Seminary of classroom   Seminary of classroom work   Seminary of classroom		
### As ECTS credit 135 hours (54 hours of classroom work, 81 hours of independent work)  ### work work    ### work    ### work    ### work    ### ### work    ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ###		5/2 semester
discipline and the distribution of hours of classroom and independent work  Language of teaching  Requirements for starting the study of the discipline  What will be studied  What will be studied  The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics:  Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics.  International financial crises; Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level.  International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication during crisis situations to maintain rust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why it is interesting / recessary to study  Evelopment of crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students development of crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students on		
distribution of hours of classroom and independent work Language of teaching Requirements for starting the study of the discipline What will be studied  The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics: Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics. International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability. Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations. Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting Why it is interesting The crisis management skills and internation during crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields. Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of ranalytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students'		` .
of classroom and independent work Language of teaching Requirements for starting the study of the discipline What will be studied What will be studied  The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics: Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis theories, their economics. International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them. Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability. Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations. Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets. Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economic eries and teaches them how to effectively respond to them. Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance. Increased aware	1 *	(NOTA)
Independent work Language of teaching Requirements for starting the study of the discipline What will be studied What will be studied The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics: Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics. International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them. Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability. Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations. Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets. Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students develop askills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields. Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economic. Preparation for working in unstabl		
English Requirements for starting the study of the discipline What will be studied What will be studied What will be studied The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics: Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics. International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them. Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability. Financial risk and its management Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations. Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain reconomic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets. Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students develop with discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields. Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy. Preparation for working in times of economic events		
Requirements for starting the study of the discipline  What will be studied  The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics: Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics.  International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilitzation policy. Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  International control of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economic processes and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying cr	*	English
Requirements for starting the study of the discipline  What will be studied  The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics:  Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics.  International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level.  International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Stu		
What will be studied  The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics:  Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics.  International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level.  International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain rust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Studying the discipline particulary in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased aw		Basic knowledge of the disciplines
What will be studied What will be studied The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics: Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics.  International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level.  International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the developme		
What will be studied The discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" typically covers the following topics: Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics.  International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them. Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability. Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations. Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets. Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting for several reasons: Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields. Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economic. Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for workin		
Theory of crises and crisis management: Study of different crisis theories, their causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics.  International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level.  International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting  Nevelopment of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students		
causes and development mechanisms, as well as methods of crisis management in economics.  International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level.  International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting  / necessary to study  Why it is interesting  / necessary to study  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the		
in economics. International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability. Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations. Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets. Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study necessary to study  Why it is interesting / refetive crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields. Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy. Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Underst		
International financial crises: Analysis of historical examples of international financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level.  International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Net interesting / necessary to study  To several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial		
financial crises, their implications for the global economy, and ways to overcome them.  Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level.  International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  My it is interesting / necessary to study  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
them. Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability. Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations. Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets. Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  To several reasons: Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields. Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy. Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		_
Tools of crisis management: Examination of methods and tools used to prevent crises and overcome them at the global economic level.  International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
crises and overcome them at the global economic level. International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability. Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations. Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets. Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons: Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields. Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
International cooperation in times of crisis: Discussion of cooperation between countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  My it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
countries and international organizations in responding to economic crises and restoring stability.  Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
restoring stability. Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  To several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
Financial risk and its management: Study of methods of identification, assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations. Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		, · · ·
assessment, and management of financial risks during crisis situations.  Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Nevelopment of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
Economic stabilization policy: Analysis of stabilization policies, including fiscal and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability. Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
and monetary instruments that can be used to maintain economic stability.  Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
Crisis communication: Consideration of the importance of effective communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
communication during crisis situations to maintain trust in the economy and financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
financial markets.  Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
Studying these aspects helps students develop crisis management skills and understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world economy.  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
Why it is interesting / necessary to study  Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" is important for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		understand how global economic processes impact the stability of the world
for several reasons:  Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of	/ necessary to study	
various professional fields.  Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy. Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		Development of crisis management skills: This discipline helps students develop
Understanding global economic processes: Studying anti-crisis measures helps students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy. Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		skills for effective crisis management in economics, which can be beneficial in
students better understand the interconnection between economic events worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		_
worldwide and their impact on the stability of the global economy.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
measures enables students to prepare for working in times of economic crises and teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
teaches them how to effectively respond to them.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Knowledge of anti-crisis
Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		
of economics and finance.  Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management
Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		methods contributes to the development of students' analytical skills in the field
methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of		of economics and finance.
		Increased awareness of financial risks: Understanding financial risks and
accompanies and Engage		methods of managing them is crucial for any professional working in the field of
economics and finance.		economics and finance.

	Therefore, studying this discipline not only expands students' knowledge but also helps them develop important skills for a successful career in global economics and finance.
Why you can learn (learning outcomes)	Studying the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" can lead to the following learning outcomes:  Crisis management skills: Students can master skills for effective crisis management in economics, including situation analysis, strategic decision-making, and implementation of anti-crisis measures.  Deep understanding of global economic processes: Students can develop a deep understanding of the interconnection between economic phenomena and their impact on the global economy, helping them analyze and predict economic trends.  Preparation for working in unstable conditions: Students will be prepared to effectively respond to economic crises and make informed decisions in conditions of instability.  Development of analytical skills: Studying crisis theories and crisis management methods will help students develop analytical skills necessary for effective analysis of economic situations and decision-making.  Enhancement of professional competence: The knowledge and skills acquired through studying this discipline will help students enhance their professional competence in the field of economics and finance.
How to use the acquired knowledge and skills (competencies)	The acquired knowledge and skills from the discipline "Anti-crisis measures in global economy" can be effectively utilized in various fields and situations. Professional Career: Knowledge of anti-crisis measures and crisis management can be beneficial for roles in finance, consulting, management, risk analysis, and other areas where reacting to crisis situations is crucial.  Entrepreneurship: If you plan to develop your own business, the acquired knowledge will help you understand potential risks and make informed decisions to prevent crises in your enterprise.  Financial Planning: Knowledge of crisis management can be useful in developing financial strategies, budget planning, and managing financial risks. Consulting: You can use your knowledge to consult companies or organizations in the areas of anti-crisis management and developing strategies for emerging from crisis situations.  International Affairs: Understanding global economic processes can be valuable for work in international organizations, diplomacy, or international companies. Personal Financial Planning: Knowledge of crisis management can be beneficial for personal financial planning, helping you manage finances in times of instability.  Overall, the acquired competencies can be applied to successful careers, business development, financial planning, consulting, international activities, and personal financial management. It is important to apply this knowledge appropriately to achieve your goals and success in your chosen fields.
Information support of the discipline	Syllabus, RSE, textbook, lecture notes, Guidelines for practical classes, Guidelines for independent work of students, Glossary, lecture presentations
Semester control	Test